

## 北京博飞教育中心独家奉献

2005 年中华人民共和国普通高等学校  
联合招收华侨、港澳地区、台湾省学生入学  
英 语

本试卷分第一卷（选择题）和第二卷（非选择题）两部分。

## 第一卷

注意事项：

- 1、答第一卷前，考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号、考试科目涂写在答题卡上。
- 2、每小题选出答案后，用铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需要改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选其他答案。不能答在试卷上。
- 3、考试结束后，考生将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

I、听力（共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

听完录音后，从各题所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳选项。  
所有录音材料均仅读一遍。

例：（录音）

Man: I wonder why the office is still not open?

Women: But it's not yet eight. In fact, it's only a quarter to eight.

When does the office open?

A. At 8:30      B. At 8:15      C. At 8:00      D. At 7:45

答案是 C。

听第 1 段材料，回答第 1 小题

1. What does the woman mean?

- A. The tickets might have been sold out.
- B. They are lucky to sit near the stage.
- C. The tickets are too expensive.
- D. The tickets are free of charge.

听第 2 段材料，回答第 2 小题

2. What can we know from the conversation?

- A. Mary likes the movie a lot.
- B. The movie was not so good.
- C. Peter was busy last night.
- D. Mary didn't see the movie.

听第 3 段材料，回答第 3 小题

3. Where does this conversation take place?

- A. In a hotel.
- B. In a restaurant.
- C. In a supermarket.
- D. In an office.

听第 4 段材料，回答第 4 小题

4. Who are the speakers?

- A. Classmates.
- B. Co-workers.

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C. Husband and wife.

D. Teacher and student.

听第 5 段材料，回答第 5、6 小题

5. What is the man's suggestion for the woman?

A. Be pleasant at work.

B. Get off work a bit early.

C. Have a rest the next day.

D. Pay attention to this case.

6. What will the woman do?

A. She'll take the advice.

B. She'll give up her job.

C. She'll work in the evening.

D. She'll perform at an art show.

听第 6 段材料，回答第 7 至 9 小题

7. What makes Ann dislike her new flat?

A. The cost.

B. The neighbours.

C. The distance.

D. The roommates.

8. Why does Ann want to talk about the matter with Roger?

A. He's a close friend.

B. He's her boss.

C. He's her husband.

D. He's a repairman.

9. What's the conversation about?

A. Sharing flat with others.

B. Asking for a job nearby.

C. Discussing work of a company.

D. Looking for a new flat.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 10 至 12 小题

10. What does the girl mean by asking about her mom?

A. She wants to see her.

B. She is eager to go to school.

C. She dislikes French breakfast.

D. She doesn't like the toast.

11. What is the man trying to do?

A. To show that he's happy.

B. To make cooking enjoyable.

C. To turn the girl's attention away.

D. To get enough food for the two of them.

12. What can we infer about the man?

A. He relies on his wife in cooking.

B. He manages well in the house.

C. He's good at baby-sitting.

D. He's rather forgetful.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 13 至 15 小题

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13. When will the next bus for Chicago leave ?  
A. In 20 minutes.  
B. In half an hour.  
C. In 40 minutes.  
D. In an hour.
14. What did the man do for the woman ?  
A. He took her to the bus station.  
B. He gave her change for a dollar.  
C. He bought her a ticket.  
D. He paid for her coffee.
15. Which of the following words best describes the man ?  
A. Careful.  
B. Patient.  
C. Skillful.  
D. Hardworking.

听第9段材料，回答第16至20小题

16. Why is Sesame Street called the longest street in the world ?  
A. It is named after the longest street in the world.  
B. Many American children like it very much.  
C. It has been shown for many years.  
D. It can be seen in many countries.
17. Who may have different ideas about Sesame Street?  
A. Preschool children.  
B. School pupils.  
C. Teachers.  
D. Parents.
18. Why is Sesame Street shown many times during the week ?  
A. Children can watch it 5 times a week.  
B. More children can benefit from it.  
C. Many schools can use it in classes.  
D. School work is often related to it.
19. What can children learn from Sesame Street mainly ?  
A. Singing.  
B. Drawing.  
C. Television.  
D. Basic knowledge.
20. What is the most important reason for Sesame Street to be successful ?  
A. It uses modern technology.  
B. It is based on educational theories.  
C. It gives parents chances to see famous stars.  
D. It gets children interested in learning.

II 英语运用 (共35小题，每小题1分；满分35分)

A) 单项填空。从A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

21. Tony's parents were tired, \_\_\_\_\_ they had to wait for some more news about Tony before they could have a rest.

- A. if      B. when      C. though      D. for
- 22.-Excuse me, can you tell me how to get to Times Square?  
-I'm sorry. I'm new here.  
-\_\_\_\_\_  
A. It's too bad      B. Thank you anyway  
C. Don't mention it      D. I'm sorry, too
- 23.-Jack, there's the doorbell. Alice has arrived.  
-It \_\_\_\_\_ be Alice. She's on holiday in Hawaii.  
A. mustn't      B. shouldn't      C. needn't      D. can't
- 24.The speaker, Professor Murray, \_\_\_\_\_ for his splendid speeches, was warmly received by all the students of the university.  
A. known      B. knowing      C. know      D. having known
- 25.-You look so tired.  
-Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_ non-stop until six o'clock this morning.  
A. have worked      B. am working      C. was working      D. have been working
- 26.Jenny called her sister, \_\_\_\_\_ she hadn't spoken to in two years, to ask for help.  
A. which      B. that      C. whom      D. one
- 27.The users of this new mobile phone can type in e-mails or long texts easily \_\_\_\_\_ they happen to be.  
A. where      B. wherever      C. what      D. whatever
- 28.After the holiday, I'm going to \_\_\_\_\_ to some serious job-hunting.  
A. get down      B. go on      C. get through      D. go out
- 29.Parents usually take their children's bodily health a little \_\_\_\_\_ than their mental health.  
A. much serious      B. more serious      C. much seriously      D. more seriously
- 30.We don't go to \_\_\_\_\_ theater very much these days. In fact, in the town where we live there isn't \_\_\_\_\_ theater.  
A. the, the      B. the; a      C. 不填; the      D. a; 不填
- 31.We're not really sisters; we were just \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. comparing      B. developing      C. declaring      D. pretending
- 32.The next train \_\_\_\_\_ at platform 2 will be the 7.45 to Edinburgh.  
A. to arrive      B. having arrived      C. arriving      D. to be arriving
- 33.I arrived at 12 o'clock. So it's about \_\_\_\_\_ drive to London from my house.  
A. three-hours      B. three hour      C. three-hour's      D. three hours'
- 34.-Do you want tea or coffee?  
-\_\_\_\_\_. I really don't mind.  
A. Neither      B. Either      C. Both      D. Any
- 35.Jack \_\_\_\_\_ television and rarely reads newspapers.  
A. hardly ever watches      B. ever watches hardly  
C. watches hardly ever      D. ever hardly watches

### 完形填空

Peer pressure (同龄人之间得压力) has its greatest force on young children. Looking back, I can still remember times when I 36 my parents because of the pressure from my peers. I lived to 37 all these events.

One day, at a party at a friend's house, I 38 to pay no attention to all the lectures I had received at home about smoking. 39 the party was going well; everyone was dancing and 40



themselves. Then Ralph brought out some cigarettes 41 nearly everyone became "instant smokers." Those who did not smoke were 42 urged to try it. And those who continuously 43 were told they were not cool. 44 all the pressure from the "cool" kids, everyone at the party had 45 one puff at a cigarette.

Then Gwen's parents 46 all the smoke, came down the stairs. They first thought that something was on fire. 47 when they discovered what the real 48 was, they took each of us, one by one, and 49 our parents, telling them of our 50 and asking them to come and 51 their child.

My parents were extremely angry. I heard for a whole week about how 52 they were because I had acted as if I had received no 53 at home. My parents also thought it 54 that I should not be allowed to attend any parties for a whole month.

55 I did not smoke any more after this event. And I was also not so quick to go along with whatever my friends were doing.

36. A. honored B. astonished C. disobeyed D. delighted  
37. A. regret B. expect C. manage D. hate  
38. A. prepared B. wished C. decided D. learned  
39. A. In time B. In all C. First of all D. At first  
40. A. enjoying B. practicing C. cheering D. serving  
41. A. for B. and C. as D. yet  
42. A. probably B. mainly C. merely D. strongly  
43. A. danced B. refused C. joked D. asked  
44. A. After B. Since C. Until D. Before  
45. A. at least B. at most C. only D. other  
46. A. knowing B. sensing C. seeing D. smelling  
47. A. So B. But C. Still D. Or  
48. A. cigarette B. fault C. problem D. smoke  
49. A. visited B. joined in C. looked for D. called  
50. A. misdeeds B. rudeness C. arrival D. business  
51. A. teach B. direct C. get D. meet  
52. A. ashamed B. astonished C. frightened D. foolish  
53. A. requirement B. training C. lessons D. instructions  
54. A. clever B. safe C. standard D. necessary  
55. A. After all B. In the end C. Needless to say D. All the time

### 阅读理解

#### A

A while back, my son and I were hunting up at Pumpville. It was late in the season. Hunting was tough. It got down to about 10 degrees, one of the coldest days of the year. We could stay in a heated trailer(拖车) with some other hunters. But my son said, "No, Dad. Let's stay in the tent. Let's rough it"

Well, we practically froze to death. We had a fire going, and we let it die down, and then we went to bed. My son woke up in the middle of the night. His sleeping bag was wet because his

breath was freezing right there close to his face. So he got up and unzipped the tent. Stepping outside, he said, "Dad, Dad, get up. You've got to see this. This is beautiful. I can see all the stars."

I just stuck my head out of the sleeping bag because I knew what he was talking about. The stars were extremely bright, and it looked like they had come down to be a little bit closer to us. It was absolutely beautiful. The embers(木块的余烟) were glowing, and the fire was ringed with rocks. It was all framed beautiful.

That, to me, was life. The happiness that night was what life is all about. It just doesn't get any better. Money could not have bought me what we felt. We were together in sort of a hardship situation, even though we had asked for it.

There was beauty. There was companionship. There was wonder in his voice.

56. When the son said "Let's rough it" (paragraph), he meant \_\_\_\_\_

- A. experiencing the hardships together for the night
- B. putting the tent to the test in the night
- C. guarding against animals in the night
- D. protecting themselves from the cold in the night

57. We can learn from the text that the father and the son \_\_\_\_\_

- A. almost froze to death
- B. had a heart-to-heart talk
- C. enjoyed family happiness together
- D. spent a sleepless night watching stars

58. What would be the best title for the text?

- A. A Dangerous Experience
- B. The Meaning of Life
- C. A Hunting Tip
- D. The Growth of My Son

## B

HOUSTON(Reuters)—Houston tops a U.S. magazine's annual fattest cities list for the fourth time in five years, with four other Texas cities in top 25.

Fast food restaurants—Houston has twice the national average number—are partly to blame for the dishonor, *Men's Fitness* editor-in-chief Neal Boulton said.

"Americans work long hours, don't take vacations, and when they're faced with the worst food choices, they indulge(沉溺于) in those," he said.

High humidity, poor air quality and some of the nation's longest commute(每天去上班的路程) times also helped Texas' most populous city unseat Detroit, the 2003 heavy weight champion, the magazine said.

Houston Mayor Bill White, who has worked with a major food company to develop healthy food products and the city's public schools to improve lunch menus, called the report "mostly ungrounded and nonsense".

"On the other hand, it calls attention to real issues the mayor is trying to deal with," his spokesman, Frank Michel, said.

The magazine said it looked at factors such as the number and types of restaurants, park space, air quality, weather and the number of health clubs.

Philadelphia, Detroit, Memphis, Tennessee, and Chicago followed Houston on the seventh edition of the fat list. Texas cities Dallas, San Antonio, Fort Worth and El Paso were in the top 14, which Boulton said was no surprise.

"It's pure big indulgence, just living big, and that's part of the culture," said Boulton.

Seattle ranked as the fittest city. Austin and Arlington, a Dallas-Fort Worth suburb, were the only Texas cities on the fit list. Austin was 19th and Arlington 22nd out of 25.

59. What decides the magazine's annual fattest list?

- A. The size of fat population.
- B. The number of fast food restaurants.
- C. The economic growth rate of the state
- D. Things related to unhealthy ways of life

60. Which city topped 2003 fattest cities list?

- A. Houston    B. Dallas    C. Detroit    D. Philadelphia

61. By saying "living big" (paragraph 9), Boulton means people \_\_\_\_\_

- A. are growing fatter
- B. are living wastefully
- C. eat too many fatty foods
- D. are spending too much time working

62. Which of the following is best supported by the text?

- A. Texas has the most fat cities in the U.S
- B. Bill White is happy with the newspaper report.
- C. People in Texas are the most hardworking in the U.S.
- D. Most school children in Houston have weight problems.

C

I've been a nurse for years. I've loved and hated my job, which can be exciting and stressful. Holidays are the hardest. I don't think I could count the number of times I've been asked to work a holiday for another, because "You don't have a family"

This is what I faced the year that I received my most beloved Christmas gift.

I was to work the night shift on Christmas Eve, 7 p.m. to 7 a.m. It was a bitterly cold night when I arrived at work. When I stepped onto my floor, I sensed excitement. As I rounded the corner, I saw all of my co-workers waiting for me with big smiles. I thought that something big was up, and they were waiting for me to be part of it. Just then, one of my co-workers Susan stepped forward, and I realized I wasn't just part of it .... I was it.

Happy tears filled my eyes as Susan told me she'd celebrated an early Christmas Eve with her daughter so that I could have the shift off and go home to be with my parents. Maggie had taken Susan's shift, and two more had split Maggie's shift.

Grateful tears froze to my cheeks as I reached my car. There was hardly any traffic as I sped home. I sang along to the carols on the radio, alone on the highway. But I was not alone in my heart, for it was filled with thanks and wonder.

My co-workers had given me the greatest Christmas gift I'd ever received—their friendship and understanding. Because of that gift, and the sweet memories of that night, I will never be alone on Christmas again.

63. Why was the writer always expected to work on holidays?

- A. She was single
- B. She wanted the overtime pay
- C. She liked to work on holidays.



- D. She liked to be alone on Christmas.
64. All the co-workers were waiting for the writer with smiles and they wanted to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. have a party together  
B. play a trick on the writer  
C. give the writer a happy surprise  
D. give the writer a Christmas package
65. When the writer says "I was it", she means that \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. she was to spend her Christmas with Susan  
B. she was the purpose of the gathering  
C. her co-workers had done the job for her  
D. her co-workers had prepared a Christmas dinner for her
66. How many people joined to help the writer to have a holiday of her own?  
A. one      B. two      C. three      D. four
67. What would be the best title for the text?  
A. A Night Shift on Christmas.  
B. A Christmas with My Parents  
C. The Gift of Understanding  
D. The Fun of Working Holidays.

## D

The following is information about some major school events, which will take place between now and the end of term:

Thursday, May 24th: An open-air concert will take place in the school playground at about 11 A.M. The Army Band of the Southern Brigade will take part. The school band will also play some pieces of music learned during the year. The concert will finish at about 12.15 P.M. In the case of unsuitable weather the concert will take place in O'Loughlin Gael Science Hall. All parents, neighbors, friends of the school are welcome to attend. Radio Kilkenny will be present and there will be short talks and live musical inserts(插入得音乐会现场直播) in the morning program.

Thursday, May 31st: This will be the final in-service day (subject: English) for teachers in the New Curriculum in the present school-year. The school will be closed for pupils on this day.

Friday, June 1st: The Junior Tour (Third and Fourth Classes) will take place to Clara-Lara Funpark in County Wicklow. The Senior School Tour (Fifth and Sixth Classes) will take place to Oakwood Theme Park in Pembrokeshire, South Wales. More information of both tours will be given shortly as the final arrangements are at present being made.

Thursday, June 21st: The School Sports will take place in the school playing-field, beginning at 12.00 noon. The sports will consist of egg-and-sport races, sprints, relay races, three-legged races, tug-of-war, slow bicycle races and also a Fathers' and Mothers' race. This year the sports will be organized and run on a less competitive basis than before. We will pay more attention to everyone taking part with the purpose of "Sport for All". There will be no medals and instead game-takers will be presented with prizes. All parents' and friends are welcome to attend the sports.

68. What is special about the concert?  
A. It will be organized by the army.  
B. Part of it will be broadcast live.  
C. It will be performed by the school children.  
D. It will be held indoors and outdoor at the same time.
69. We learn from the text that more information will be given about \_\_\_\_\_.



- A. the school tours
  - B. the school band
  - C. the concert
  - D. the school sports
70. Who will win prizes in the school sports ?
- A. The first three winner of the sports event.
  - B. Anyone who takes part in the game
  - C. Players with their parents
  - D. Friends of the school

## E

For decades, research has shown that children's books not only provide great pleasure to readers, but they can also play an important role in children's academic (学业上的) and social success. In 1974, researchers reported that sixth-grade children who had been read to from an early age developed into better readers and valued reading more than did sixth graders who had not been read to, and they expected to continue reading throughout their lives. Others have determined that the more time children spend reading literature (文学作品), the better their reading and writing abilities become. Significant increases have been found in young children's comprehension and vocabulary skills, their understanding of sentence structure and story structure as a result of their being read to from an early age, either at home or in school. Children who have access to literature and stories in their homes have been found to learn to read more quickly, and have better attitudes toward reading. Teachers who provide time for continuous silent reading, who share books and discuss book authors with children during the school day, positively influence those children's reading outside school. And the National Assessment of Educational Progress reported that children who frequently read for enjoyment out of school are better readers.

Because children's literature is so valuable to children, it should also be valuable to their teachers. And so it's unfortunate that something that can play such an important role in children's lives is often moved into a less than important role in teacher education.

This article discusses three important issues about the position of children's literature in teacher-preparation programs. They are: (1) Respect for children's literature content in teacher education. (2) The value of children's literature as a powerful educational tool. (3) Children's literature as an important literary form.

71. The author mentions the research results in 1974 to show \_\_\_\_\_
- A. the development of reading ability in sixth graders
  - B. the ways of teaching children to become better readers
  - C. the importance of early reading in children's academic growth
  - D. the difference in reading skills between sixth graders and pre-school children
72. We learn from the text that if children read more books they \_\_\_\_\_
- A. will be able to write better
  - B. will have better exam results in school
  - C. will be good at silent reading at school
  - D. will be able to choose suitable books for themselves
73. According to the author, better readers are those who \_\_\_\_\_
- A. find pleasure reading in any kind of books
  - B. perform better in reading tests in school
  - C. are good at finding out structure of stories they read

- D.get into the habit of reading books for fun outside school
- 74.What is the main subject of the text?
- A.Value of children's books to the development of their reading and writing ability.
- B.Educating children at an early age is quite necessary
- C.Parents play an important role in children's academic growth
- D.Children's books are worth reading by teachers
- 75.The paragraph following the text most probably discusses\_\_\_\_\_
- A.the publication of children's books
- B.the types of children's literature
- C.the use of children's literature in teacher education programs
- D.the role of children's books in children's academic development

#### IV.短文改错

I was 11 before my father let me use his camera. 76.\_\_\_\_\_  
 excited, I went to my school and a number of 77.\_\_\_\_\_  
 parks in town. I took 36 photos but no of them 78.\_\_\_\_\_  
 was success. Dad was not happy with my waste 79.\_\_\_\_\_  
 of film and putting the camera away again. When 80.\_\_\_\_\_  
 in a high school, I took a short course in 81.\_\_\_\_\_  
 photographing and I learned something interesting 82.\_\_\_\_\_  
 and useful skills. In my 16<sup>th</sup> birthday, Dad gave 83.\_\_\_\_\_  
 me the camera as a present I was delight 84.\_\_\_\_\_  
 to see the camera which I took my first photos. 85.\_\_\_\_\_  
 Dad said he is going to buy me a new one. 86.\_\_\_\_\_  
 but thought that old one would mean much to me. 87.\_\_\_\_\_  
 He was right. Each time when I take photos, one 88.\_\_\_\_\_  
 memory stand out-the moment Dad placed his 89.\_\_\_\_\_  
 trust in me by place his camera in my hands. 90.\_\_\_\_\_

#### V.书面表达（共1题，满分20分）

最近，你校同学正在参加某英文报组织的一场讨论。讨论主题是：用电子邮件还是用笔写信？请你根据下表所提供的资讯，为该报专栏写一篇短文，客观的报告讨论的情况。

约60%的同学赞成用电子邮件写信：

约40%的同学赞成用笔写信

\*快捷

\*传达真情

\*可保存、查阅方便

\*可珍藏

\*节省邮资

\*邮票传播文化艺术

注意：1.开页已为你写好。

2.词数：100词左右。

Which are better ,emails or hand-written letter?My class had a heated discussion on this question and opinions are divided.\_\_\_\_\_